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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
9	AT SEATTLE	
10	JERRY GLENN THOMPSON, JR.,	CASE NO. C08-1831JLR
11	Petitioner,	ORDER
12	v.	
13	STEVE SINCLAIR,	
14	Respondent.	
15		
16   17	This matter comes before the court on Petitioner Jerry Glenn Thompson, Jr.'s	
18	motion for a certificate of appealability under 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c) (Dkt. # 27). Mr.	
19	Thompson seeks to appeal the court's September 4, 2009 order denying his 28 U.S.C. §	
20	2254 habeas corpus petition (Dkt. # 25). Having reviewed the motion and for the	
21	reasons stated below, the court DENIES the motion.	
22	Among the substantial changes to federal habeas corpus procedure in the	
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24	Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 is the rule that a habeas	
25	petitioner can appeal the denial of a 28 U.S.	C. § 2254 petition only after obtaining a
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"certificate of appealability." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c). Although the statute is ambiguous, the Ninth Circuit has held that a United States District Court may issue a certificate of appealability. *United States v. Asrar*, 116 F.3d 1268, 1269 (9th Cir. 1997). A court may issue a certificate of appealability only if the "applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). The Supreme Court has elaborated that a petitioner must show that "reasonable jurists could debate whether . . . the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000) (quotations omitted).

Here, Mr. Thompson has not made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. Therefore, the motion is DENIED.

Dated this 8th day of October, 2009.

JAMES L. ROBART United States District Judge

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